To amend the National Security Act of 1947 to prohibit the unauthorized disclosure of information identifying certain United States intelligence officers, agents, informants, and sources.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 13, 1981

Mr. Solomon introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence

A BILL

To amend the National Security Act of 1947 to prohibit the unauthorized disclosure of information identifying certain United States intelligence officers, agents, informants, and sources.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 That this Act may be cited as the "Intelligence Identities
- 4 Protection Act".
- 5 SEC. 2. (a) The National Security Act of 1947 is
- 6 amended by adding at the end thereof the following new title:

1	"TITLE V—PROTECTION OF CERTAIN NATIONAL
2	SECURITY INFORMATION
3	"DISCLOSURE OF IDENTITIES OF CERTAIN UNITED STATES
4	UNDERCOVER INTELLIGENCE OFFICERS, AGENTS, IN-
5	FORMANTS, AND SOURCES
6	"Sec. 501. (a) Whoever, having or having had author-
7	ized access to classified information that identifies a covert
8	agent, intentionally discloses any information identifying such
9	covert agent to any individual not authorized to receive clas-
10	sified information, knowing that the information disclosed so
11	identifies such covert agent and that the United States is
12	taking affirmative measures to conceal such covert agent's
13	intelligence relationship to the United States, shall be fined
14	not more than \$50,000 or imprisoned not more than ten
15	years, or both.
16	"(b) Whoever, as a result of having authorized access to
17	classified information, learns the identity of a covert agent
18	and intentionally discloses any information identifying such
19	covert agent to any individual not authorized to receive clas-
20	sified information, knowing that the information disclosed so
21	identifies such covert agent and that the United States is
22	taking affirmative measures to conceal such covert agent's
23	intelligence relationship to the United States, shall be fined
24	not more than \$25,000 or imprisoned not more than five
25	years, or both.

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"(c) Whoever, in the course of an effort to identify and expose covert agents with the intent to impair or impede the foreign intelligence activities of the United States, discloses, with the intent to impair or impede the foreign intelligence activities of the United States, to any individual not authorized to receive classified information, any information that identifies a covert agent knowing that the information disclosed so identifies such covert agent and that the United States is taking affirmative measures to conceal such covert agent's intelligence relationship to the United States, shall be fined not more than \$15,000 or imprisoned not more than three years, or both.

13 "DEFENSES AND EXCEPTIONS

"Sec. 502. (a) It is a defense to a prosecution under section 501 that before the commission of the offense with which the defendant is charged, the United States had public-ly acknowledged or revealed the intelligence relationship to the United States of the individual the disclosure of whose intelligence relationship to the United States is the basis for the prosecution.

"(b)(1) Subject to paragraph (2), no person other than a person committing an offense under section 501 shall be subject to prosecution under such section by virtue of section 2 or 4 of title 18, United States Code, or shall be subject to 4

1 prosecution for conspiracy to commit an offense under such 2 section.

3 "(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply in the case of a 4 person who acted in the course of an effort to identify and 5 expose covert agents with the intent to impair or impede the

6 foreign intelligence activities of the United States.

7 "(c) In any prosecution under section 501(c), proof of

8 intentional disclosure of information described in such sec-

9 tion, or inferences derived from proof of such disclosure, shall

10 not alone constitute proof of intent to impair or impede the

11 foreign intelligence activities of the United States.

12 (c)"(x) It shall not be an offense under section 501 to

13 transmit information described in such section directly to the

14 Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate or to the Per-

15 manent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of

16 Representatives.

17 "PROCEDURES FOR ESTABLISHING COVER FOR

18 INTELLIGENCE OFFICERS AND AGENTS

"Sec. 503. (a) The President shall establish procedures

20 to ensure that any individual who is an officer or employee of

21 an intelligence agency, or a member of the Armed Forces

22 assigned to duty with an intelligence agency, whose identity

23 as such an officer, employee, or member is classified informa-

24 tion and which the United States takes affirmative measures

25 to conceal, is afforded all appropriate assistance to ensure

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1	that	the	identify	of	such	individual	as	such	an	officer,	em-
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- 2 ployee, or member is effectively concealed. Such procedures
- 3 shall provide that any department or agency designated by
- 4 the President for the purposes of this section shall provide
- 5 such assistance as may be determined by the President to be
- 6 necessary in order to establish and effectively maintain the
- 7 secrecy of the identity of such individual as such an officer,
- 8 employee, or member.
- 9 "(b) Procedures established by the President pursuant to
- 10 subsection (a) shall be exempt from any requirement for pub-
- 11 lication or disclosure.
- 12 "EXTRATERRITORIAL JURISDICTION
- 13 "Sec. 504. There is jurisdiction over an offense under
- 14 section 501 committed outside the United States if the indi-
- 15 vidual committing the offense is a citizen of the United States
- 16 or an alien lawfully admitted to the United States for perma-
- 17 nent residence (as defined in section 101(a)(20) of the Immi-
- 18 gration and Nationality Act).
- 19 "PROVIDING INFORMATION TO CONGRESS
- 20 "Sec. 505. Nothing in this title shall be construed as
- 21 authority to withhold information from Congress or from a
- 22 committee of either House of Congress.
- 23 "DEFINITIONS
- "Sec. 506. For the purposes of this title:

1	"(1) The term 'classified information' means infor-
2	mation or material designated and clearly marked or
3	clearly represented, pursuant to the provisions of a
4	statute or Executive order (or a regulation or order
5	issued pursuant to a statute or Executive order), as re-
6	quiring a specific degree of protection against unau-
7	thorized disclosure for reasons of national security.
8	"(2) The term 'authorized', when used with re-
9	spect to access to classified information, means having
10	authority, right, or permission pursuant to the provi-
11	sions of a statute, Executive order, directive of the
12	head of any department or agency engaged in foreign
13	intelligence or counterintelligence activities, order of a
14	United States court, or provisions of any Rule of the
15	House of Representatives or resolution of the Senate
16	which assigns responsibility within the respective
17	House of Congress for the oversight of intelligence
18	activities.
19	"(3) The term 'disclose' means to communicate,
20	provide, impart, transmit, transfer, convey, publish, or
21	otherwise make available.
22	"(4) The term 'covert agent' means—
23	"(A) a present or former officer or employee
	"(A) a present or former officer or employee of an intelligence agency, or a present or former

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1	member of the Armed Forces who is or was as-
2	signed to duty with an intelligence agency—
3	"(i) whose (past or present) identity as
4	such an officer, employee, or member is clas-
5	sified information, and
6	"(ii) who is serving outside the United
7	States or has within the last five years
8	served outside the United States;
9	"(B) a United States citizen whose past or
10	present intelligence relationship to the United
11	States is classified information and—
12	(i) who acts or acted outside the United
13	States as an agent of, or informant or source
14	of operational assistance to, an intelligence
15	agency, or
16	"(ii) who at the time of the disclosure is
17	or was at any time acting as an agent of, or
18	informant to, the foreign counterintelligence
19	or foreign counterterrorism components of
20	the Federal Bureau of Investigation; or
21	"(C) an individual, other than a United
22	States citizen, whose past or present intelligence
23	relationship to the United States is classified and
24	who is a present or former agent of, or a present

1	or former informant or source of operational as-
2	sistance to, an intelligence agency.
3	"(5) The term 'intelligence agency' means the
4	Central Intelligence Agency, the foreign intelligence
5	components of the Department of Defense, or the for-
6	eign counterintelligence or foreign counterterrorist
7	components of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
8	"(6) The term 'informant' means any individual
9	who furnishes information to an intelligence agency in
10	the course of a confidential relationship protecting the
11	identity of such individual from public disclosure.
12	"(7) The terms 'officer' and 'employee' have the
13	meanings given such terms by sections 2104 and 2105,
14	respectively, of title 5, United States Code.
15	"(8) The term 'Armed Forces' means the Army,
16	Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard.
17	"(9) The term 'United States', when used in a ge-
18	ographic sense, means all areas under the territorial
19	sovereignty of the United States and the Trust Terri-
20	tory of the Pacific Islands.".

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- 1 (b) The table of contents at the beginning of such Act is
- 2 amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"TITLE V—PROTECTION OF CERTAIN NATIONAL SECURITY INFORMATION

- "Sec. 501. Disclosure of identities of certain United States undercover intelligence officers, agents, informants, and sources.
- "Sec. 502. Defenses and exceptions.
- "Sec. 503. Procedures for establishing cover for intelligence officers and employees.
- "Sec. 504. Extraterritorial jurisdiction.
- "Sec. 505. Providing information to Congress.
- "Sec. 506. Definitions.".

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